

## **Economic Overview**









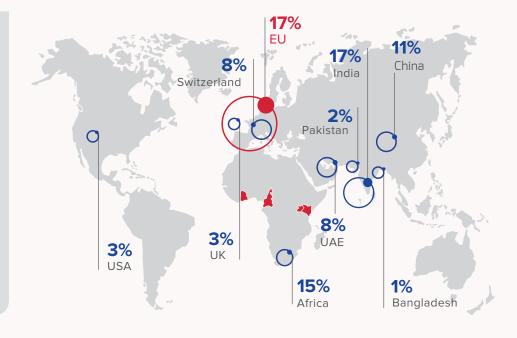


#### TOP 10 DESTINATIONS OF CAMEROONIAN, GHANAIAN, KENYAN & UGANDAN PRODUCTS

## THE EU IS THE WORLD'S LARGEST TRADING BLOCK

It is the world's largest trader of manufactured goods & services & the main market for Africa.

The EU is the top trading partner for most African countries, representing 17% of all exports from Cameroon, Ghana, Kenya & Uganda in 2019. Their trade with the EU is growing, although other markets in Africa & Asia are also gaining importance.



#### **MAIN EU INVESTORS**



#### **KEY EU-AFRICA PARTNERS**

More than half of the analyzed EU investments in Africa are linked to 5 EU countries: France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands & Belgium. Scandinavian countries follow them closely with important investments in the energy & transport sectors. Southern & Eastern Europe are coming in the last 10 years & focus on services & manufacturing goods.



#### **AGE**

#### **MATURE INVESTORS**

The EU investors in agrobusiness have been in Africa for more than 10 years, but the new investments are mainly in the services sector.



Established in Africa for less than 5 years

Established in Africa for 5 - 10 years

Established in Africa for more than 10 years

SIZE

31%



Micro

26%



Small

24%



Medium

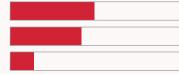
**19**%



Big

**TURNOVER** 





More than

€1 M

€10 M

€50 M

#### **SECTOR**





Industry



#### **LOCATION**

#### **CENTRALISED INVESTMENT**

While agrobusinesses have their main office in major harbour or agricultural areas, the investors in the manufacturing & services sectors operate from the capital. Most EU investors have one central office covering the country.



Outside

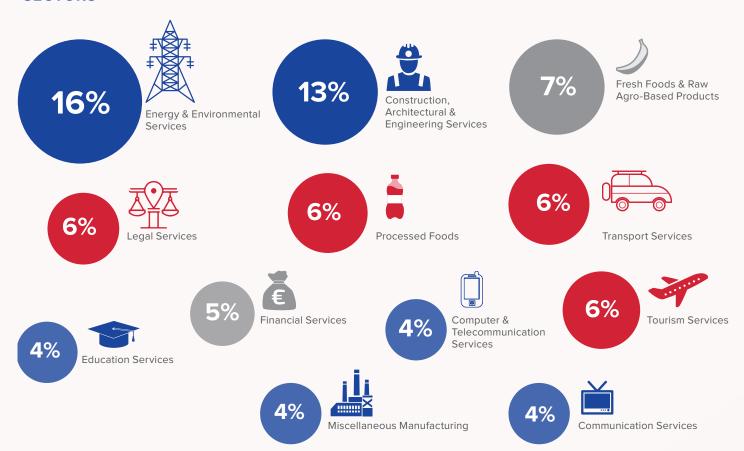


In the capital



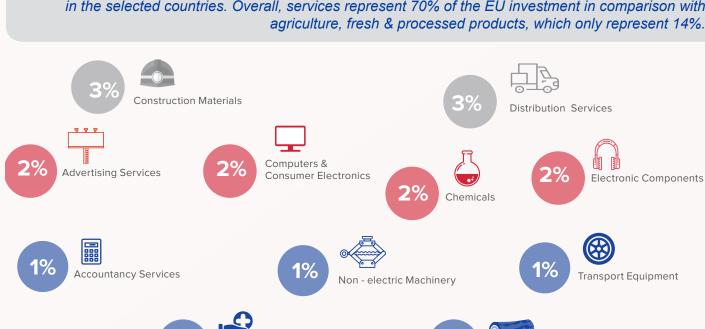


#### **SECTORS**



#### EU INVESTMENT EVERYWHERE: AGRICULTURE, MANUFACTURING & SERVICES

Energy, construction, transport, tourism, financial & ICT services cover 51% of the EU investment in the selected countries. Overall, services represent 70% of the EU investment in comparison with agriculture, fresh & processed products, which only represent 14%.

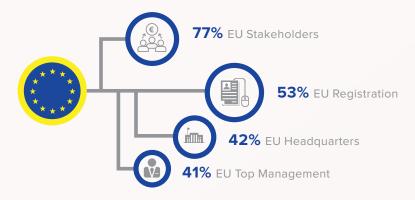


Health & Social Services

Wood & Paper



#### **RELATION TO EUROPE**



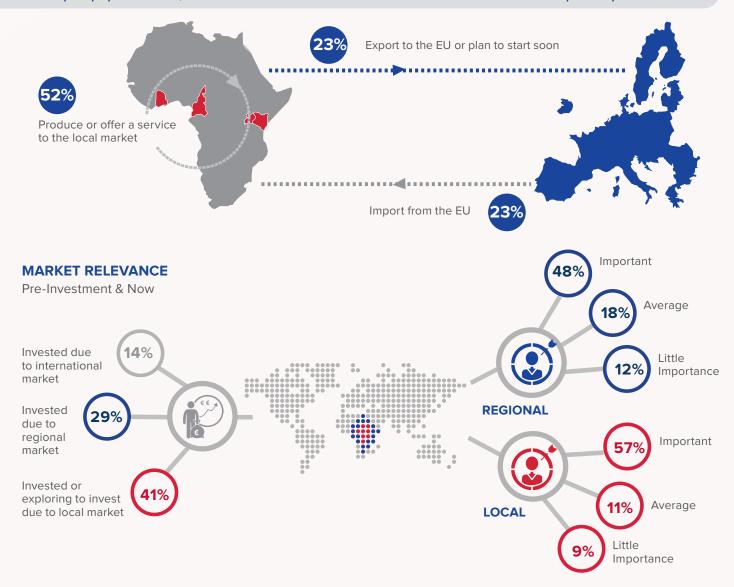
#### **MARKET OUTLOOK**



#### **TRADE**

#### **INVESTING IN AFRICANS**

Despite popular belief, most EU investors focus on the local market rather than import/export activities.





#### **ECONOMIC IMPACT**





Annual turnover

€4.5 B



Investment placed

€3,8 B



Taxes paid locally per year

€970 M



Investment forecasted in the next 5 years

€4,3 B

#### **POSITIVE OUTLOOK**

European firms invested almost €4B already & plan to increase this investment by 113% in the next 5 years.

#### **SOCIAL IMPACT**

#### **EUROPEAN FIRMS RECRUIT LOCALS**

This applies across all sectors. Firms in the 1. services sector often include a training budget to upskill workers.

EU investors in Cameroon, Ghana, Kenya & 2. Uganda are responsible for 6M local jobs, either direct or indirect.

Women are almost half of the workforce in 3. most services except for the construction, energy & ICT services. In the agriculture & manufacturing sectors, women are underrepresented.



Direct jobs

580,000



Local employees

99%



Women employees

9%



Suppliers

5 M

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**



45,670



**Annual Budget** €325 M



Carbon Footprint, Environment & Biodiversity

Actions 17.834



**Annual Budget** 

€95 M



Labor Policies & Fair Trade

Actions



**Annual Budget** 

€88 M



Training & Innovation

Actions 14,415



Annual Budget €141 M

#### **INVESTMENT IN PEOPLE**

Eu investors are committed to the local environment & social communities.

Investors focus on the long term with almost all the firms (99%) having a CSR plan in place spending on average €414,000 per year.

While the biggest budget goes to training activities, each firm allocates €120,000, annually, to environmental or fair trade practices.

From beach cleaning to recycling systems, from companies' medical check-ups to loans - EU investors are actively investing taking care of their employees & communities.



27%



Local Banks & Financial Institutions

22%



Foreign Banks & Financial Institutions

12%



Foreign Private Equity/Venture Capital Funds

2%



Local Private Equity/Venture Capital Funds

#### **ACCESS TO FINANCE**

## REINFORCING LOCAL BANKS

The use of local banks or financial institutions differs from country to country. The maturity of the local banking system is key for investors.



12%



Relatives & Friends

48%



**Company Profits** 

16%



**HQ** Funds

1%



Stock Exchange

#### **BARRIERS**





1. Access to Finance



2. Governance & Rule of Law, Justice, Anti-Corruption



3. EU Economic Diplomacy



4. Business Simplification



5. Business Tax Policy & Administration

## **Best Practices to Improve the Business Climate**



01

#### **Access to Finance**

 Supporting local banks with funds & technical assistance to increase access to credit to firms at reasonable costs & on reasonable terms.



- Creating financing lines with reimbursement over the long term to boost the recovery of the economy & improve the business environment.
- Creating alternative financing to new services (e.g. innovation or green industries) to foster sustainable development & a digital economy.

02

#### **Good Governance**

 Supporting the anticorruption whistleblowing practices & supporting the legal system to penalise corruption.



- Digitalising the public tenders for a more transparent monitoring.
- Fostering a non-tolerance policy towards any company involved in corruption.

03

#### **EU Economic Diplomacy**

Supporting European companies to invest in Africa.



Reducing barriers to trade and negotiating bilateral and multilateral trade agreements.

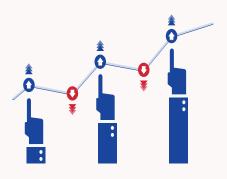
Supporting the creation of European Business Organisations to share know-how, advocacy and information among EU firms locally. 04

#### **Business Simplification**

Digitalising processes to increase speed & accountability.



 Coordinating & streamlining the administrative procedures allowing different administrations to access the same data & simplify the user's experience.



05

#### **Tax Administration**

- Digitalising the public tenders to support a more transparent monitoring.
- Align & harmonize taxes.
- Digitalize the tax system to speed it up & coordinate data.

#### **INFORMATION ON THE EUROPEAN INVESTMENT PLAN (EIP)**



The EU fosters public and private investment into neighboring & African countries via the EU External Investment Plan (EIP). The overall budget is €47 billion, with the European Commission managing €4.6 billion. This is done via:

- Guarantees the EU works with banks to share the risk so that investors & development banks will finance entrepreneurs or development projects.
- Blending the EU covers part of the costs of a development project to get it off the ground, with public & private investors financing the rest.
- Technical assistance the EU funds experts to help firms to develop new projects, draft bankable business plans or to support governments in their investment policies.
- Investment climate reforms the EU funds business reforms & brings together governments & firms to address investment challenges.

# **EU Investment in Agriculture**



Established in Africa

In the capital

Outside

the capital

for more than

10 years

# Fresh Foods & Raw Agro-Based Products Processed Foods & Agro-Based Products

AGE
29% Established in Africa for less than 5 years

Established in Africa for 5 - 10 years

43%



### **NATIONALITY TURNOVER** More than €1 M 41% €10 M 44% €50 M 15% **BARRIERS** 35% of the EU investors in the agriculture sector consider corruption & 32% think that access to finance are serious problems to expand their business. 1. Governance & Rule of Law, Justice, Anti-Corruption 2. Access to Finance 3. EU Economic Diplomacy

# **EU Investment in Agriculture**



#### **RELATION TO EUROPE**

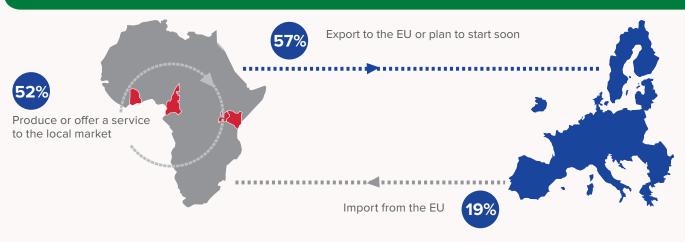


#### **MARKET OUTLOOK**

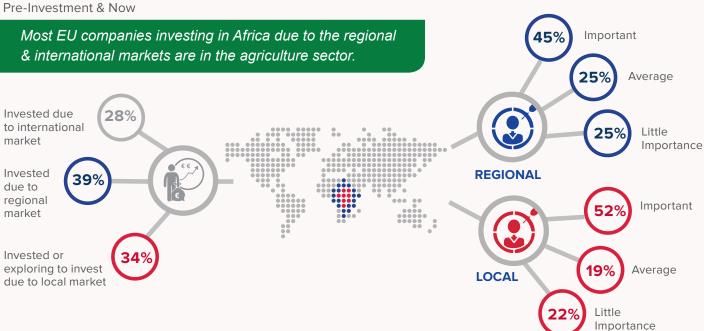


#### **TRADE**

#### Most EU investors based in Africa & exporting to Europe are in the agriculture sector.



#### **MARKET RELEVANCE**



# **EU Investment in Agriculture**



#### **ECONOMIC IMPACT**





Annual turnover

€920



Investment placed

€840 M



Taxes paid locally per year

€140 M



Investment forecasted in the next 5 years

€780 M

The EU investors in the agriculture sector plan to expand their investment by 93% in the next 5 years.

#### **SOCIAL IMPACT**



Direct jobs **140,000** 



Local employees **98%** 



Women employees

8%



Suppliers

2 M

31%



Local Banks & Financial Institutions

26%



Foreign Banks & Financial Institutions

2%



Foreign Private Equity/Venture Capital Funds

10%



Local Private Equity/Venture Capital Funds

#### **ACCESS TO FINANCE**

EU investors in the agriculture sector are more prone to use foreign banks & financial institutions in comparison with other sectors.



19%



Relatives & Friends

55%



**Company Profits** 

12%



**HQ** Funds

0%



Stock Exchange

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**



Actions **12,896** 



**Annual Budget** 

€76 M



Carbon Footprint, Environment & Biodiversity

Actions **7,800** 



Annual Budget

€7 M



Labor Policies & Fair Trade

Actions





Annual Budget

€64 M



Training & Innovation

Actions **2,120** 



Annual Budget **€5 M** 



# **EU Investment in Manufacturing**



In the

capital

Outside

the capital

#### **SECTORS**





















**LOCATION** 

















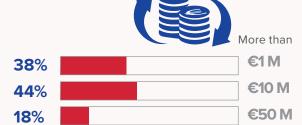
71%

**AGE** SIZE Established in 24% Micro 41% Africa for less than 5 years Small 20% Established in Africa for 5 - 10 Medium years 33% Established in Big 22% Africa for more than 10 years

# NATIONALITY



#### **TURNOVER**



#### **BARRIERS**

40% of the EU investors in the manufacturing sector consider corruption a serious problem to expand their business.





Governance & Rule of Law, Justice, Anti-Corruption



2. EU Economic Diplomacy

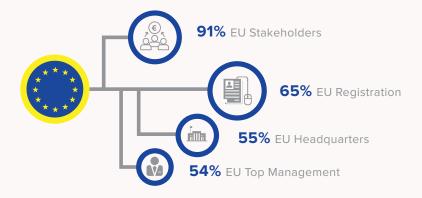


Business Simplification

# **EU Investment in Manufacturing**



#### **RELATION TO EUROPE**

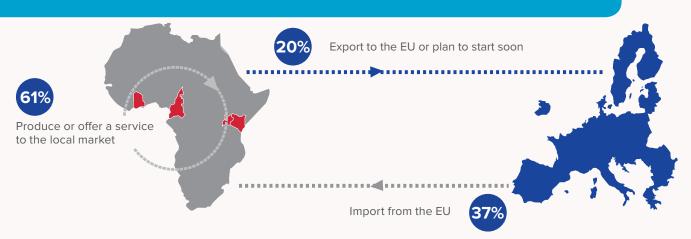


#### MARKET OUTLOOK



#### **TRADE**

Most EU investors based in Africa & importing from Europe are in the manufacturing sector.



#### **MARKET RELEVANCE**



# **EU** investment In Manufacturing



#### **ECONOMIC IMPACT**





Annual turnover

€1,1 B



Investment placed

€890 M



Taxes paid locally per year

€300 M

EU companies in the manufacturing sector have the highest percentage of local taxes paid.



Investment forecasted in the next 5 years

€750 M

The EU investors in the manufacturing sector plan to expand their investment by 133% in the next 5 years.

#### **SOCIAL IMPACT**



Direct jobs **282,000** 



Local employees 100%



Women employees



41%



Local Banks & Financial Institutions

**37**%



Foreign Banks & Financial Institutions

4%



Local Private Equity/Venture Capital Funds

8%



Foreign Private Equity/Venture Capital Funds

#### **ACCESS TO FINANCE**

Most EU companies based in Africa & benefiting from HQ funds are in the manufacturing sector.



11%



Relatives & Friends

**52**%



**Company Profits** 

219



HQ Funds

3%



Stock Exchange

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



**7,095** 



**Annual Budget** 

€95 M



Carbon Footprint, Environment & Biodiversity

Actions **1,501** 



Annual Budget €34 M

\*\*

Labor Policies & Fair Trade

Actions





Annual Budget

€2.5 M



Training & Innovation

Actions **2,533** 



Annual Budget **€58 M** 



## **EU Investment in Services**































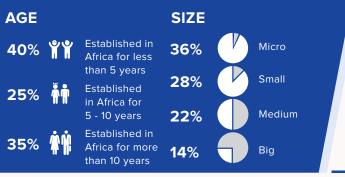




Health & Social Services

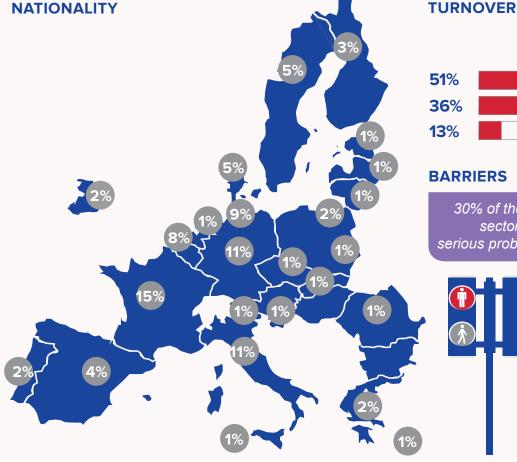


**Accountancy Services** 





In the capital Outside the capital



#### More than €1 M **51%** €10 M 36% 13% €50 M

#### **BARRIERS**

30% of the EU investors in the services sector consider access to finance a serious problem to expand their business.





1. Access to Finance



2. Governance & Rule of Law, Justice, Anti-Corruption



Business Simplification

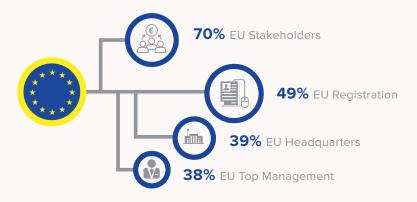
## **EU Investment in Services**



Average

Little Importance

#### **RELATION TO EUROPE**

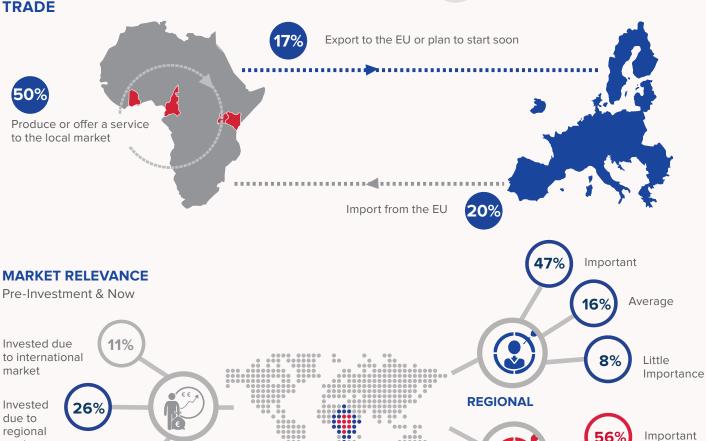


#### MARKET OUTLOOK

Most EU companies who think that the local market will grow highly in the next years are in the services sector.



#### **TRADE**



market

Invested or exploring to invest

due to local market

LOCAL

## **EU Investment in Services**





#### **ECONOMIC IMPACT**



Annual turnover

€920 M



Investment placed

€840 M



Taxes paid locally per year

€300 M



Investment forecasted in the next 5 years

€750 M

The EU investors in the services sector plan to expand their investment by 133% in the next 5 years.

#### **SOCIAL IMPACT**



Direct jobs **140,000** 



Local employees

98%



Women employees

8%



Suppliers

2 M

22%



Local Banks & Financial Institutions

18%



Foreign Banks & Financial Institutions

2%



Foreign Private Equity/Venture Capital Funds

**13**%



Local Private Equity/Venture Capital Funds

#### **ACCESS TO FINANCE**

EU investors in the services sector are more prone to use private equity/venture capital, mainly from abroad.



1%



Relatives & Friends

46%



**Company Profits** 

15%



HQ Funds

1%



Stock Exchange

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**



Actions **25,679** 



**Annual Budget** 

€154 M



Carbon Footprint, Environment & Biodiversity

Actions **8,533** 



Annual Budget

€54 M



Labor Policies & Fair Trade

Actions

7,384



Annual Budget

€22 M



Training & Innovation

Actions

9,762



Annual Budget

€78 M



DEVCO C4's mission is to provide thematic guidance & support to European Commission headquarters & delegation staff, governments & private sector organisations in their effort to enhance the investment climate with a view to increasing investment in the partner countries, for decent jobs creation & sustainable growth.
The Trade & Private Sector Development & Engagement (TPSD) Facility is an on-demand advisory service managed by C4. It was launched in 2017, to increase the capacity of partner countries & European Union (EU) staff in Delegations & Headquarters to understand & implement private sector & trade policy orientations & further improve the quality of DEVCO interventions.
The team of experts provides technical assistance, knowledge management & communication support to EU staff. In 3 years, the TPSD Facility conducted 38 short term missions in 29 countries, dealing with value chain analyses, feasibility studies for the operationalisation of the External Investment Plan, the state of play of public-private & private sector mappings, including the EU investor mappings. This work has provided EU Delegations with valuable data & indications to tackle the issues refraining investment, such as access to finance, & promote support & projects aligned with key crosscutting priorities, such as digitalisation.



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